



Corporate Presentation
September 2026

Safe Harbor Statements

Forward-Looking Statements

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Overview of the Merger Transaction and Financing

Merger creates a combined company with deep expertise in antibody drug development and immunologically-driven disorders



Merger

- On July 16, 2026, Jasper Therapeutics, Inc. (NASDAQ: JSPR) entered into a merger agreement with Kira Pharmaceuticals whereby Jasper acquired all outstanding shares of Kira in an all-stock transaction

Concurrent \$132M PIPE offering closed with use of proceeds focused on key value drivers

- Vensobafusp alfa - Stage 1 and Stage 2 data in rare renal disorders (IgAN, C3G, FSGS, others)
- Vensobafusp alfa - Ph. 3 initiation in PNH
- Vensobafusp alfa - Additional CMC and R&D
- Briquilimab pre-BLA meeting in SCID
- KP701 Ph. 1b data / Ph. 2 initiation in B-cell mediated diseases
- **Strong balance sheet expected to fund multiple clinical milestones and operating plan well into 2H28**

Mirador Out-License

- Kira out-licensed KP301, a preclinical long-acting anti-C5a monoclonal antibody, and KP402, a small molecule C5a receptor antagonist, to Mirador Therapeutics
- The out-licensing transaction provided an upfront payment of \$12M, and potential development and sales milestone payments

The Combined Company Plans to Deliver Innovative Therapeutics in Multiple Immune-Driven Disorders



Significant Global Opportunity

- Large, addressable markets across complement, mast-cell and B-cell mediated disorders¹



Vensobafusp alfa KP104 (C5 + Factor H)

- Phase 2/3 ready in PNH, Phase 2 ongoing in renal disorders
- Innovative, bifunctional biologic targeting both alternative & terminal pathways
- 2 year clinical data demonstrate rapid restoration of hemoglobin and 100% transfusion free outcomes
- Kira's China subsidiary fully supports the efficient and quality execution of ongoing Ph2 renal trial



Briquilimab (anti-KIT)

- Potential BLA path in SCID conditioning and broad optionality in large mast cell / allergy markets
- Orphan Drug & Fast Track Designation + Rare Pediatric Disease Designation in SCID
- Phase 1b/2a CSU study complete, opportunity in other mast-cell mediated disorders



Broad Portfolio

- KP701 (long-acting CD79BxCD32B) - potential best-in-class, non-depleting B-cell targeting therapy for large chronic diseases, CTA/IND planned for 2027
- Multiple other programs targeting validated targets



Experienced Leadership Team

- The Combined Company is led by a core team of experienced biopharma industry veterans, seeking to address critical unmet need in immunologically-driven disorders

Jasper Executive Team

Experienced drug developers focused on driving value



Jeet Mahal

Chief Executive Officer

Biotech executive and Board member with 30+ years of experience in development & commercialization



Herb Cross

Chief Financial Officer

Biotech executive with extensive experience in leadership roles at publicly traded biotech companies



Greg Keenan, MD

Chief Medical Officer

Rheumatologist, antibody drug developer & former CMO at publicly traded biotechs



Matthew Ros

Chief Operating Officer

Former COO / CFO and Board member at publicly traded pharma companies



Wenru Song, MD, PhD

Executive Vice President and Head of R&D

Ex-VP level clinical positions at large pharma companies



Innovative Pipeline Targeting High Value Immunology Targets

	Mechanism of Action	Indication	IND	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Expected Upcoming Milestones
Vensobafusp alfa (KP104)	Anti-C5 mAb + Factor H Bifunctional Biologic	IgAN, C3G, FSGS	Phase 2 Basket Trial				Q4 '26: Interim data (Stage 1) Q2 '27: Updated data (Stage 1) Q2 '27: Interim data (Stage 2)
		PNH	Phase 3 Ready				1H '27: EOP2 FDA meeting
		New Indication	Phase 2 Ready				Q4 '26: Phase 2 plans
Briquilimab	Anti-KIT	SCID Conditioning	Pre-BLA Discussion				Q4 '26: Update on SCID program Q1 '27: Receive regulatory guidance
		Mast-Cell Mediated Diseases	Phase 2 Ready				2H '26: Update on next steps
KP701	Anti-CD79BxCD32B	Autoantibody-Mediated Disorders	Phase 1 Ready				Q1 '27: File Phase 1 CTA/IND Q3 '27: Phase 1a HV data
Discovery	Long-Acting Complement Targeted Biologics	Autoimmune Inflammatory Disorders					Mid '27: DC selection

All assets have global rights & extensive IP portfolios

IgAN; IgA Nephropathy. C3G; Complement 3 Glomerulopathy. FSGS; Focal Segmental Glomerulosclerosis. PNH; Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria. SCID; Severe Combined Immunodeficiency.



Vensobafusp alfa (KP104)

Anti-C5 mAb + Factor H Bifunctional Biologic

Vensobafusp alfa: Phase 2/3 Ready, Potential Best-in-Class Complement Inhibitor

Vensobafusp Phase 2/3-ready

- Phase 2 PNH study complete with 2-year outcomes data
- 89% of patients with normal hemoglobin & 100% transfusion free
- PNH EoP2 planned 1H27
- Upcoming data from Renal Basket Study in Q4'26 and Q2'27

Dual Mechanism of Action:

- Simultaneous blockade of the alternative and terminal pathways - addressing both **upstream** activation and **downstream** lytic damage

Validated Rationale:

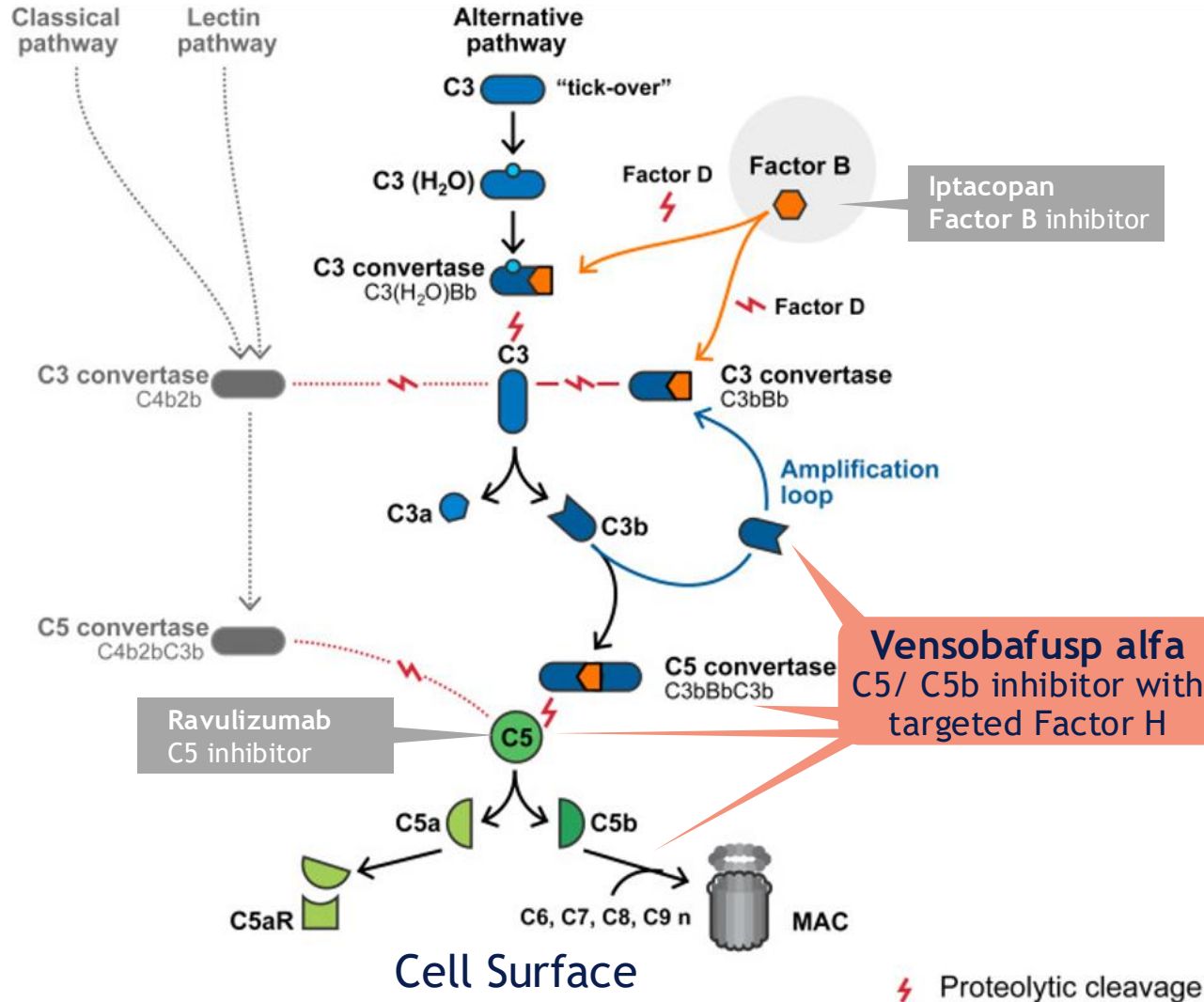
- Single alternative OR terminal pathway inhibitors are first line therapy across multiple hematological and renal disorders (PNH, IgAN, C3G, FSGS, aHUS)
- Significant efficacy or safety limitations with single pathway inhibitors

Translational Strategy:

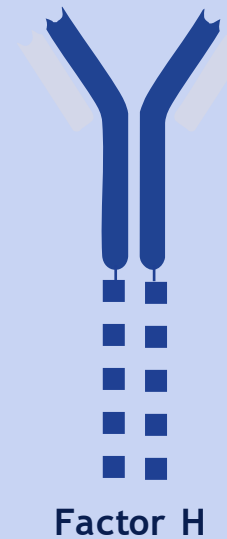
- Phase 2 PNH study complete
- Ongoing Phase 2 renal basket study will provide clinical data across multiple high-unmet-need nephrology indications

A novel monoclonal antibody with promising Phase 2 clinical data in PNH and broad potential in nephrology

Vensobafusp alfa: Dual Mechanism of Action for Increased Potency and Rapid Onset



Vensobafusp alfa: Dual-targeting of Terminal (C5) and Alternative (Factor H) Pathways



- Unique **C5- and C5b-binding** epitope preventing MAC formation and concentrates drug to affected cell surfaces
- **Factor H** modulates alternative pathway amplification, rather than fully blocking (e.g., Factor B MOA)
- A more fine-tuned approach aims to reduce systemic infection liability and spare complement function needed to preserve host defense

Vensobafusp alfa: Favorable Efficacy Profile in PNH Patients at 48 Weeks

PNH: Phase 2 results (48 weeks)

- 100%** Hgb ≥ 2 g/dL increase from baseline
- 6.6 g/dL** Hgb increase from baseline
- 89%** Hgb normalization (≥ 12 g/dL)
- 94%** LDH $< 1.5 \times$ ULN (with near normal LDH)
- 100%** Transfusion avoidance
- 100%** Clinically significant improvement in QoL

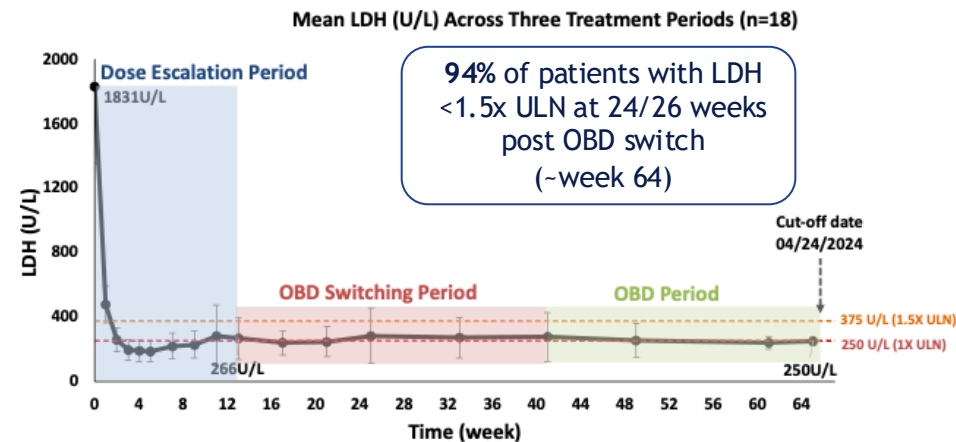
Confirming long-term effects in C5 naïve PNH patients

- Consistent and favorable safety profile
- Improved and sustained clinical responses at OBD treatment
- Demonstrated effectiveness in controlling IVH and EVH

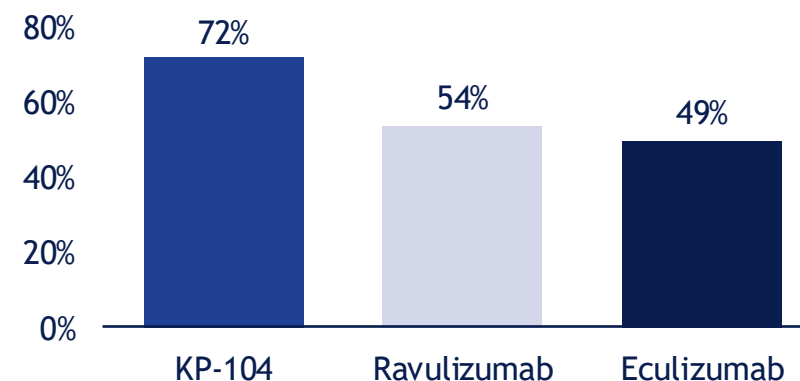
Strong clinical data supporting potential standard of care

- Potent, potential first-in-class bifunctional complement inhibitor
- Potential new first-line monotherapy for PNH
- Favorable efficacy and safety profile

Rapid normalization of LDH support longer term clinical benefit correlation of thrombosis reduction



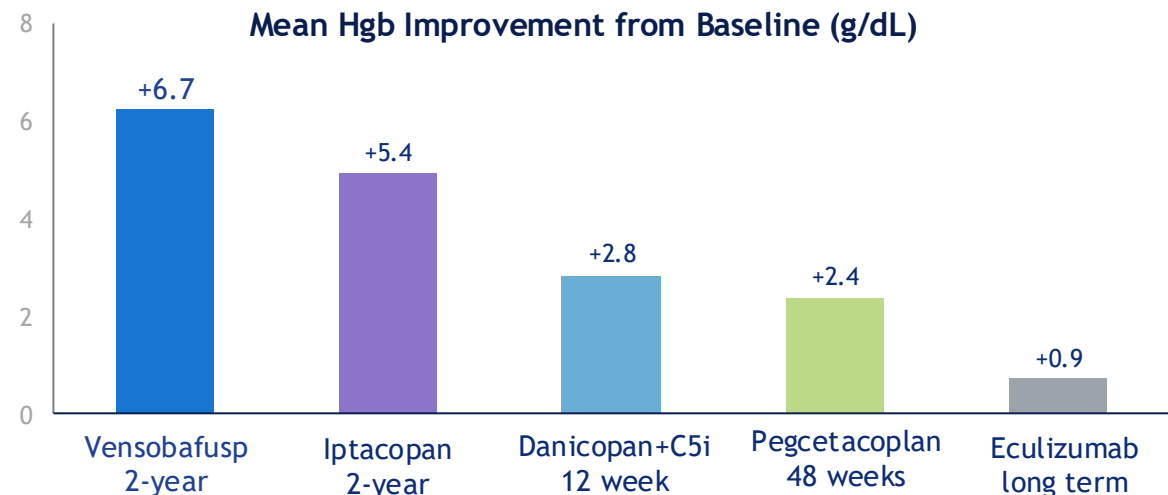
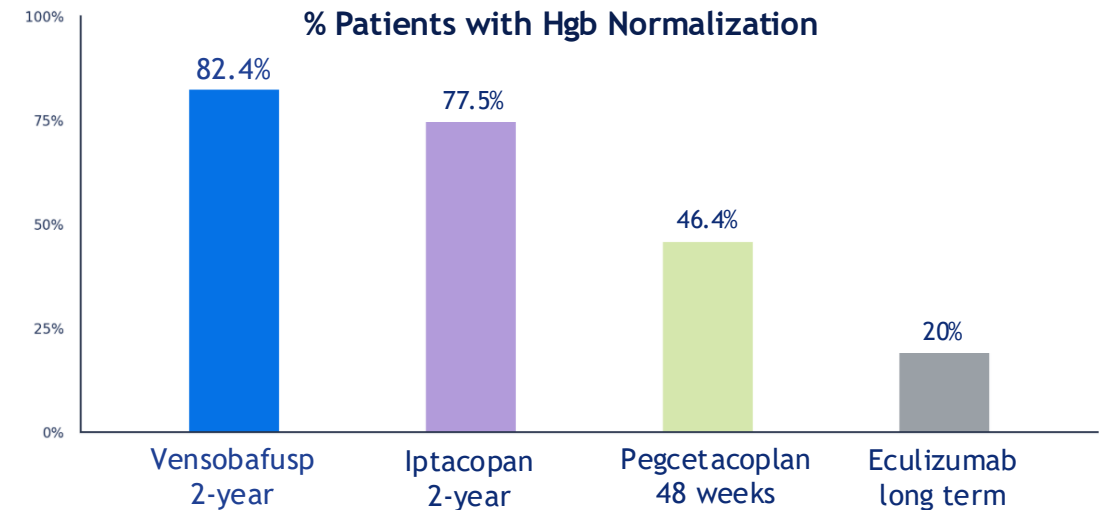
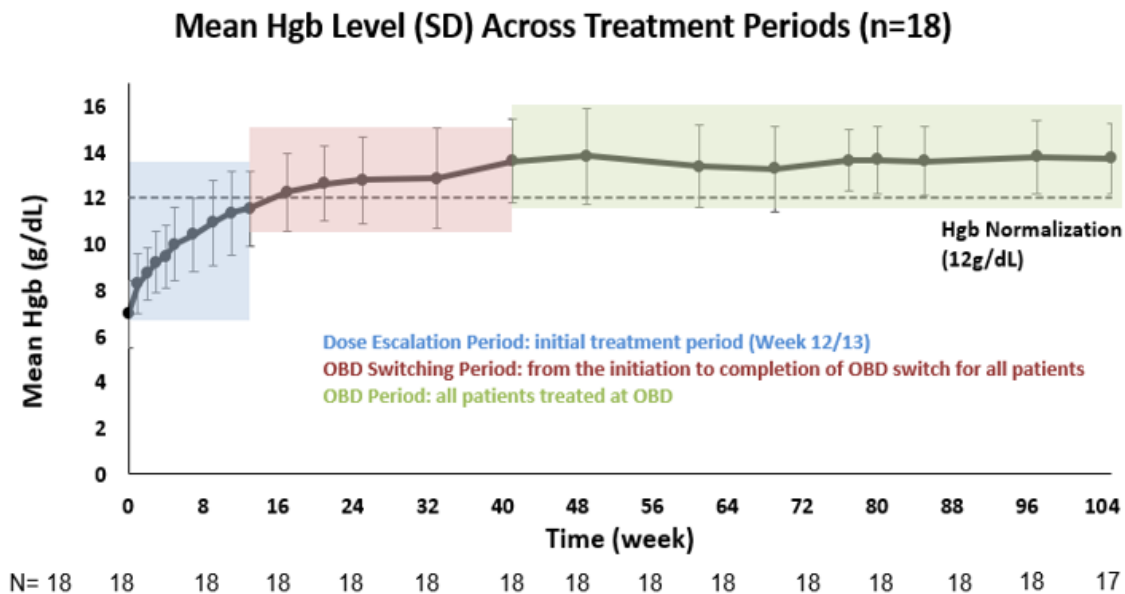
% Patients with LDH $< 1 \times$ ULN at 24/26 Weeks¹



Vensobafusp alfa: Dual Inhibition Drives Durable Hgb Improvement

Hgb Normalization in 89% of Patients at 2 Years

Sustained Hgb Improvement Reflects Controls of Both IVH and EVH



Vensobafusp alfa: Basket Study to Explore Rare Renal Indications

Multiple Opportunities to Achieve Rapid POC

Opportunity to demonstrate vensobafusp's best-in-class potential and differentiated profile in renal indications vs. other complement inhibitors

IgAN

- IgAN pathogenesis involves both alternative pathway and lectin pathway complement

C3G

- Vensobafusp demonstrated best-in-class potential, with improvements observed in renal function and pathology including C3 and C9 glomeruli deposition elimination compared to C5 mAb alone

FSGS and Other Renal Disorders

- Robust in vitro and in vivo data supporting multiple complement pathway in FSGS
- Opportunity to expand into other renal disorders

Vensobafusp alfa: Ongoing Phase 2 Renal Basket Study

Designed to Evaluate Safety, PK/PD and Efficacy in Multiple Renal Indications

Stage 1

- Assess the safety, tolerability and initial efficacy in IgAN
- 3 dose intervals / levels to assess safety and determine optimal dose
- Initial interim data in by YE '26

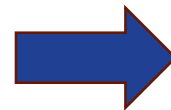
Stage 1 - IgAN PoC

IV Load + Q2W (n=6)

IV Load + Q4W (n=6)

IV Load + Q8W (n=6)

Key Endpoints: UPCR, eGFR, PK, PD (multiple), TEAEs



Stage 2

- Protocol designed to easily add new renal disease cohorts at existing clinical sites
- IgAN study expansion with optimal dose (n=30)
- Clinical data in multiple populations in 1H '27

Stage 2 - Expansion

IgAN Expansion (n=30)

C3G

FSGS

New Indication

Vensobafusp alfa: Multiple Indication Expansion Opportunities Across Hematology, Renal and Neurology Disease Areas

Indication Opportunities

Hematology

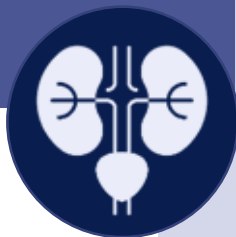


Paroxysmal Nocturnal Hemoglobinuria (PNH) - Phase 2 Complete
Complement-Mediated Thrombotic Microangiopathy (CM-TMA)
Atypical Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (aHUS)

Estimated Market Opportunity:

PNH¹: 28K patients
aHUS¹: 9K patients
(US, EU5, Japan & China)

Renal



IgA Nephropathy (IgAN) - Ongoing Clinical Study
C3 Glomerulopathy (C3G) - Potential Best-in-Class Profile
Focal Segmental Glomerulosclerosis (FSGS)
Immune Complex-Mediated Membranoproliferative Glomerulonephritis (IC-MPGN)
Diabetic Kidney Disease (DKD)
Other renal disorders under consideration

IgAN²: 27k patients
C3G²: 4.3k patients
FSGS²: 6.5k patients
>\$9B US market opportunity²

Other



Neurology: Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD),
Generalized (ACHR+) Myasthenia Gravis (gMG)

gMG¹: 260K patients
NMOSD¹: 25K patients
(US, EU5, Japan & China)

The background features a light blue, textured surface representing a cell membrane. Several blue, irregularly shaped structures are scattered across the surface, resembling receptors or antibodies. One prominent structure in the upper right corner has a Y-shaped configuration, characteristic of an antibody. Other smaller, more rounded structures are visible in the upper left and center areas.

Briquilimab

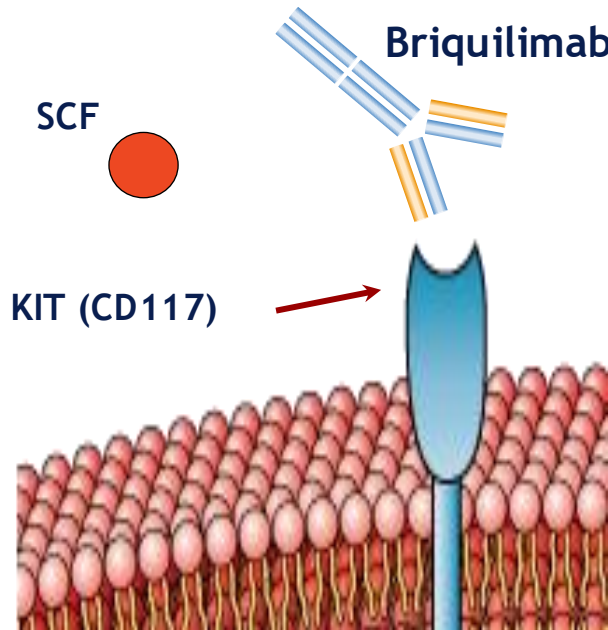
Potential Best-in-Class Anti-KIT Antibody

Briquilimab: Broad Therapeutic Potential Across Transplant & Immunology

Update on SCID program in Q4'26 & regulatory feedback expected in Q1'27

Briquilimab

Blocks SCF binding to KIT (CD117) to directly inhibit receptor signaling



Validated Mechanism of Action

- Briquilimab is designed to directly block SCF from binding to KIT (CD117) with high affinity and avidity
- Aglycosylated IgG1 antibody directly inhibits stem cell factor from binding to the KIT receptor on mast and stem cells
- Inhibition of SCF signaling leads to depletion of mast cells in the skin and migration of hematopoietic stem cells from the bone marrow
- Wide therapeutic potential across a range of mast and stem cell-mediated diseases

Favorable Drug Properties

- $K_d < 5\text{pM}$ affinity to human KIT with $\text{IC}_{50} \sim 70\text{pM}$
- Human mast cell survival bioassay $\text{IC}_{50} \sim 12.5\text{nM}$
- No Fc mediated ADCC or complement mediated cytotoxicity which reduces risk of adverse effects
- Human clinical data as IV or Sub-Q delivery

Encouraging Clinical Profile

- Predictable clearance from ages 3 to 79
- Demonstrated single agent lasting depletion of mast cells
- Demonstrated efficacy in multiple stem cell transplant and mast cell mediated disease studies
- Favorable safety profile demonstrated in over 200 clinical participants

Briquilimab: A Differentiated Program in Transplant & Allergic Disorders



SCID, Fanconi, Sickle Cell and AML / MDS: N = ~40

- Positive, long-term data supporting use of Briquilimab for conditioning in HSCT
- **Results show successful donor chimerism and reconstitution of hematopoietic and immune systems**
- Favorable chronic safety profile with potential for differentiation
- Potential BLA filing in SCID
 - Rare Pediatric Disease Designation
 - Discuss path to BLA with FDA with data from first twelve patients



BEACON TRIAL + Open-Label Extension

CSU: N = 87 H1-AH¹ failed

- Deep disease control with $\Delta UAS7 > 25$ in multiple cohorts
- Rapid onset with CRs observed as early as week 2
- >50% CR rate at 4 weeks post-dose in multiple dose cohorts²
- Favorable chronic safety profile with potential for differentiation
- Phase 2b protocol submitted to FDA



SPOTLIGHT TRIAL + Open-Label Extension

CIndU: N = 27 H1-AH failed (ColdU and SD)

- 92% CRs with 180mg single dose
- 67% CR by week 2 (180mg SD)
- 65% CR / WC maintained with 180mg Q8W in open-label extension
- Favorable safety profile observed

Briquilimab: Potential US Licensing Pathway & PRV Opportunity for SCID

SCID and Fanconi anemia are difficult to treat ultra-orphan disorders where HCT is the only proven cure, but challenging setting due to limited pre-conditioning options

Multiple Potential FDA Filing Strategies

SCID

- SCID re-transplant patients are ultra orphan, high unmet need population
- Focused on data with Briquilimab in 11 SCID re-transplant T-B- patients
- Immune reconstitution (chimerism, naïve T-cells)
- Function immunity (reduction of IVIG, infections, response to vaccination)
- Additional longitudinal data in existing patients and separate natural history data, 5 years follow up data
- Potential approval path could be similar to Rocket Pharmaceuticals recent approval of KRESLADI

Fanconi Anemia

- Allogeneic stem cell transplant can restore bone marrow and blood formation in Fanconi anemia patients
- Development strategy:
- Discuss path to BLA with FDA with 2 yr-data in first three patients
- Consider expansion to additional clinical sites following FDA discussion
- Successful development of Briquilimab in Fanconi anemia could lead to rare pediatric disease designation and a Priority Review Voucher

Briquilimab granted Rare Pediatric Disease Designation in SCID & may be eligible for Priority Review Voucher (PRV) on approval

Briquilimab: Rapid and Deep Control of Chronic Spontaneous Urticaria

Target Product Profile

Potency

- Direct blockade of SCF binding site
- High affinity c-Kit ($K_d < 5\text{pM}$) and potency ($\text{IC}_{50} 70\text{pM}$)

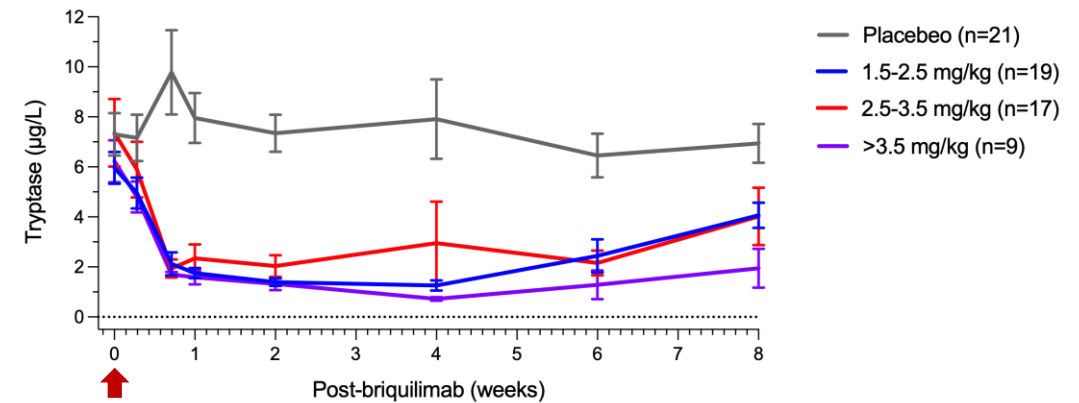
Speed

- Rapid $T_{\max}$ and high $C_{\max}$
- Over 50% Complete Responses (CRs) and >25pt UAS7 reduction by week 4 in multiple cohorts

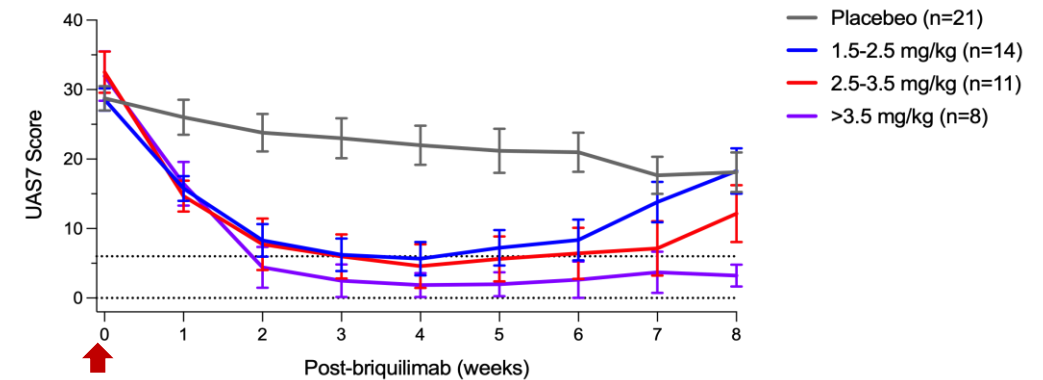
Clearance

- Nine-day subcutaneous half life
- Allows restoration of KIT signaling between doses to minimize unwanted hair & skin effects

Briquilimab rapidly suppresses serum tryptase by week 1 and maintains suppression to week 8 with single dose (BEACON)



Briquilimab rapidly leads to complete response that is maintained through 8 weeks with single dose (BEACON)



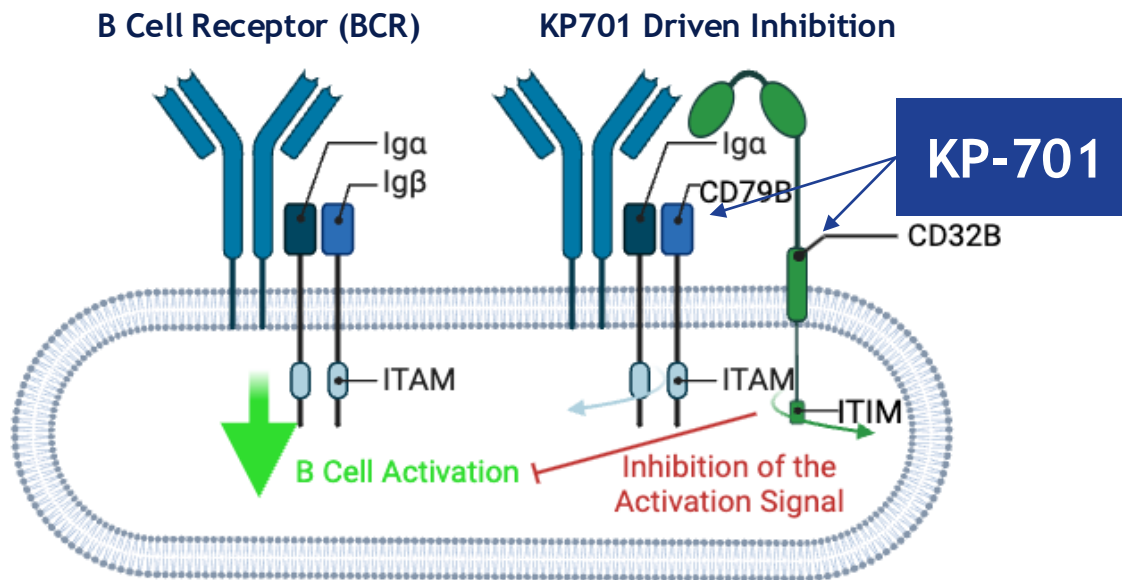
The background features a light blue, semi-transparent illustration of a cell. The cell membrane is depicted with various receptors and proteins. A large, multi-lobed antibody molecule is shown in the upper right corner, interacting with the cell surface. The overall aesthetic is clean and scientific.

KP701

Potentially Best-in-Class Anti-CD79BxCD32B

KP701: Dual Engagement of CD79B and CD32B to Drive B-cell Tolerance

KP701 Mimics Endogenous B Cell Inhibition Pathway by Cross Linking CD79B (BCR) and CD32B



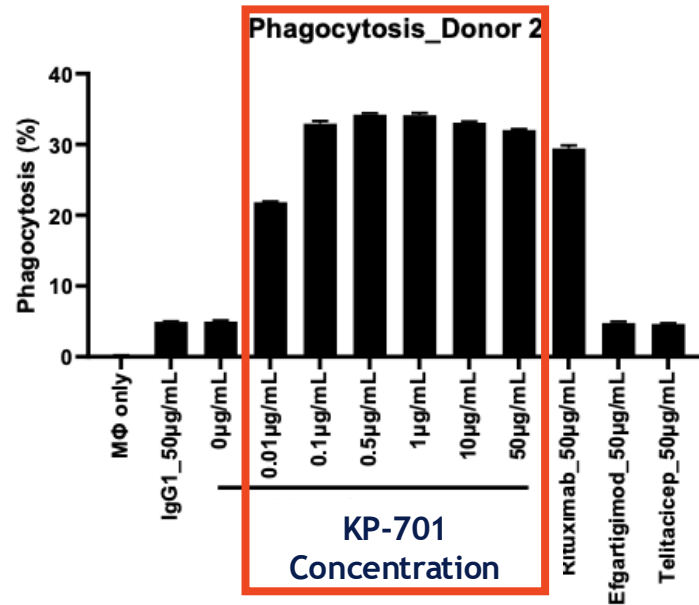
- New approach to silence pathogenic B-cells/ plasmablasts without deep depletion which leads to significant increased risk of infections (e.g., Rituxan)
- Positive PoC with Obexelimab (CD19xCD32B) in Ph3 study of IgG4-RD with once weekly dosing
- KP701 potentially more potent (CD79BxCD32B)MOA suppresses B-cell function, lowers cytokine and autoantibody production in preclinical and NHP models
- CTA ready with efficient path to proof-of-concept in HV and autoimmune disease patients
- Once-monthly dosing potential

KP701 has shown a strong inhibitory profile against B cells, including antibody production and proliferation without ADCC / CDC or TDCC

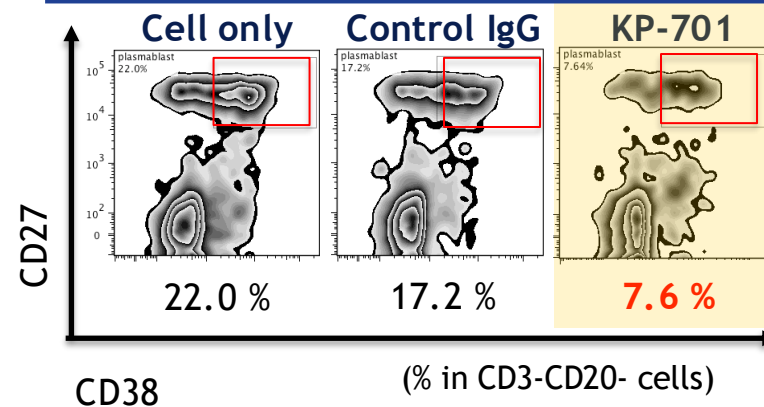
KP-701: Potent Effects on B-cell Proliferation & Phagocytosis vs. Existing Programs

Superior potency observed compared to Obexelimab, PRV3279 and Rituximab

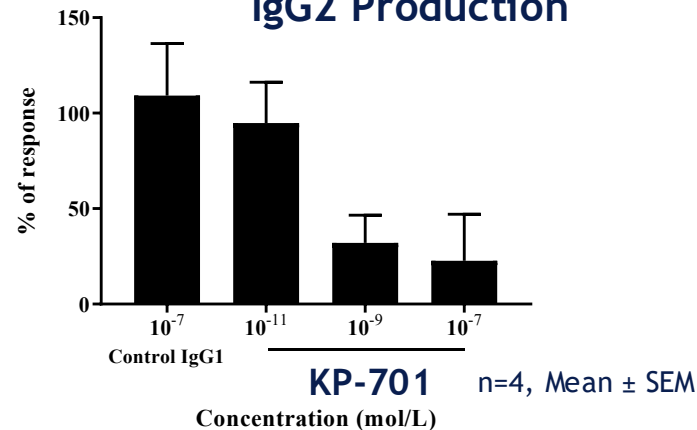
Rapid Phagocytosis of B cells at Low Concentrations vs. Existing B-cell Agents



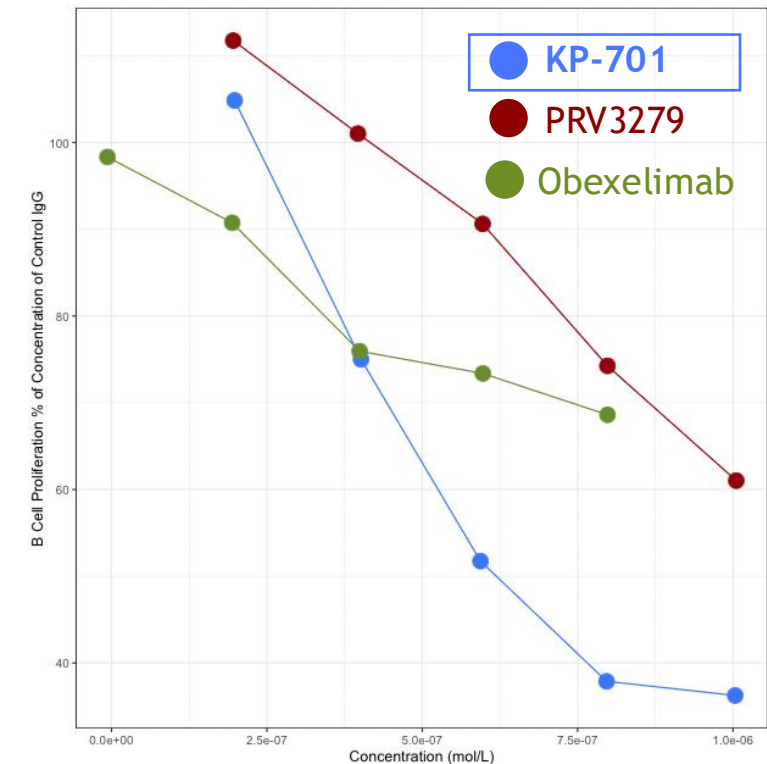
KP-701 Activity on SLE Plasmablasts & IgG2



IgG2 Production



KP-701 Superior Activity in B-cell Proliferation Assay*



KP-701: Unique Reductions in B Cells & Immunoglobulins (IgG & IgA) in NHPs

Strong reductions in IgG, IgA and B cells

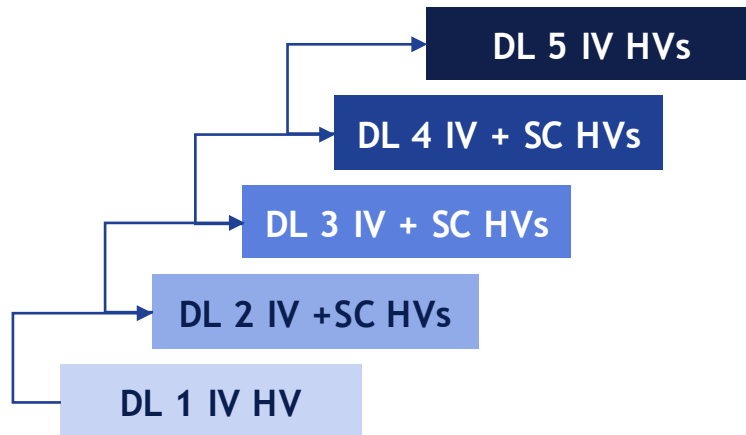


Control 1 mpk 3 mpk 30 mpk

KP 701: Streamlined Phase 1a/b Strategy to Deliver Rapid Proof-of-Concept

Opportunity to Evaluate Safety, PK / PD & Preliminary Activity in Autoimmune Disease (AID)

Phase 1a - SAD



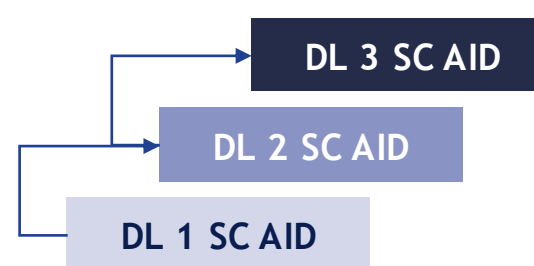
PK Lead-In:

- Patients randomized; 4 patients in 3:1 ratio of drug to placebo

Primary Endpoints: TEAEs, PK, PD (B-cell depletion / recovery), Ig's

Exploratory Endpoints: TBD

Phase 1b - MAD



SC PKPD & POC:

- Patients randomized patients in 3:1 ratio of drug to placebo

Primary Endpoints: TEAEs, PK, PD (B-cell depletion / recovery), Ig's

Exploratory Endpoints: B cell & disease relevant markers

Designed to provide PK / PD, safety data & early signals on durability of KP-701 in AID

Phase 1a:

- Assess the safety, tolerability, and PK of KP-701 in patients with HVs and autoimmune disease
- B cell and serum Ig PD to help enable the starting dose for 1B

Phase 1b:

- Evaluate the dose-response and further assess the safety and PK of KP-701 in patients with AID

KP 701: Broad Therapeutic Potential for Large Patient Populations

Rapid proof-of-concept in rheumatology with potential expansion into other therapeutic areas



Rheumatology

- Rheumatoid Arthritis
- Lupus (SLE)
- Primary Sjögren's Syndrome
- Inflammatory Myositis



Endocrinology

- Graves' Disease
- Thyroid Eye Disease
- Hashimoto's
- Obesity



Neurology

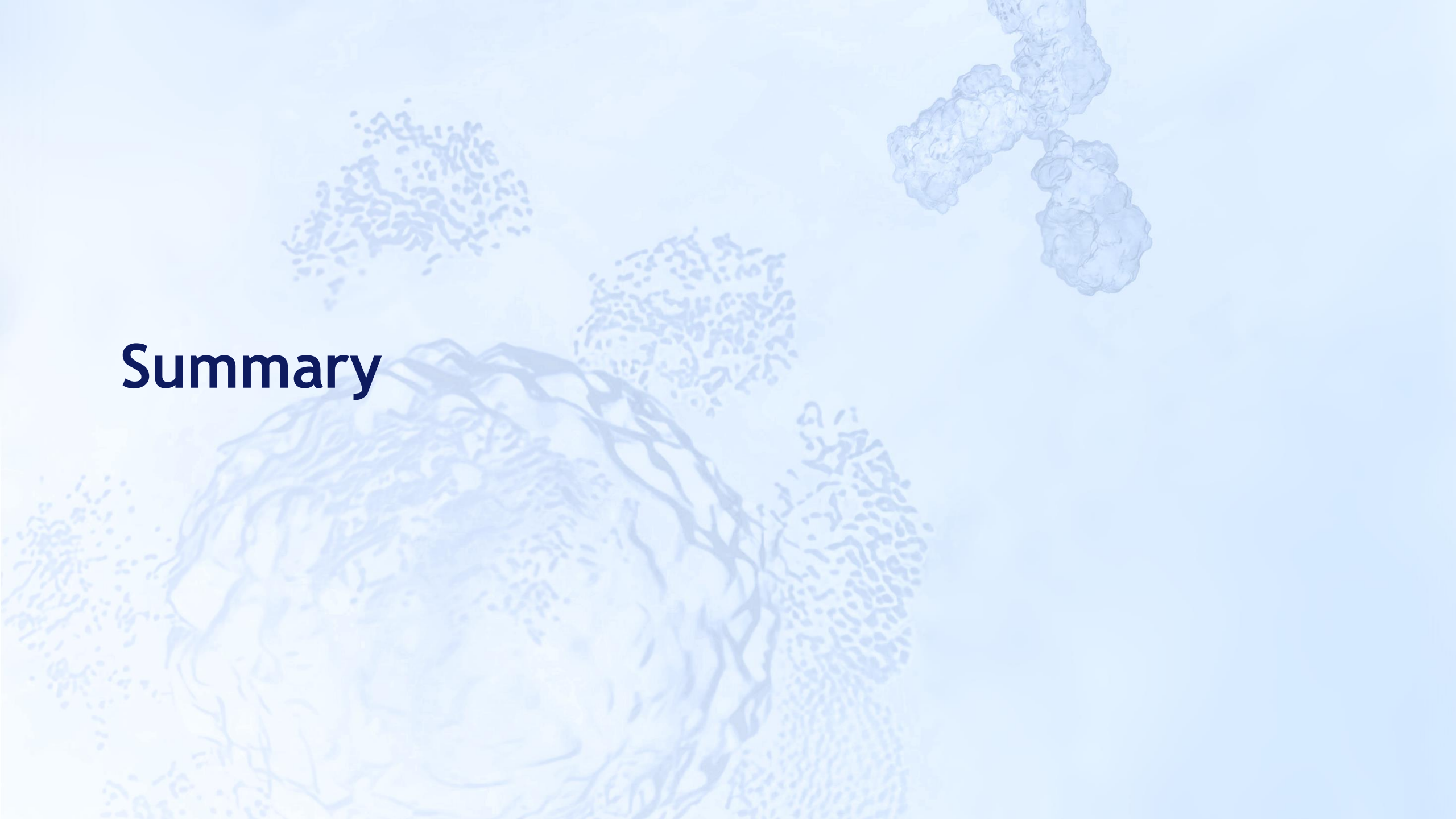
- Multiple Sclerosis
- Myasthenia Gravis
- NMOSD



Dermatology

- Immune Thrombocytopenia (ITP)
- Autoimmune Hemolytic Anemia (AIHA)
- Inflammatory Myositis

Summary

The background of the slide features a light blue, painterly illustration of a landscape. In the foreground, a large, craggy rock formation dominates the lower-left and center. To the right of the rock, a small, dark, leafy tree stands. In the upper-left, a small, dark, bushy shrub is visible. The upper-right corner shows a body of water with a small, dark, rocky island. The overall style is soft and artistic, with a monochromatic blue palette.

\$132M PIPE Expected to Fund the Combined Company Through Multiple Anticipated Clinical Catalysts, Well Capitalized into 2H 2028

Multiple anticipated Phase 2 data readouts, two Phase 1 updates and potential Phase 3 start planned

	2026E	2027E	2028E
Vensobafusp (KP104)	Q4 - Phase 2, Stage 1 interim data (rare renal) Q4 - New indication Phase 2 plans	Q2 - Phase 2, Stage 1 updated data Q2 - Phase 2, Stage 2 interim data (rare renal) 1H - EOP2 meeting (PNH) Q4 - New indication interim data	Q1 - Potential Phase 3 initiation (PNH)
Briquilimab	2H - Update on next steps for non-transplant indication YE - Statistical analysis for SCID	Q1 - Regulatory guidance on SCID EOY - Potential BLA submission*	EOY - Potential US BLA approval & PRV issuance*
KP701		Q1 - File Phase 1 CTA/IND Q3 - Phase 1a HV data Q4 - Phase 1b initiation	Q2 - Phase 1b data Mid-Year - Phase 2 initiation
Early-Stage Programs		Mid-Year - DC Selection	



Corporate Presentation
September 2026

Vensobafusp alfa: Potential Best-in-Class Profile Across Multiple Indications

Target Product Profile

Dual Complement Blockade

- Simultaneously inhibits C5 cleavage and enhances Factor H activity, uniquely addressing both effector and amplification loops

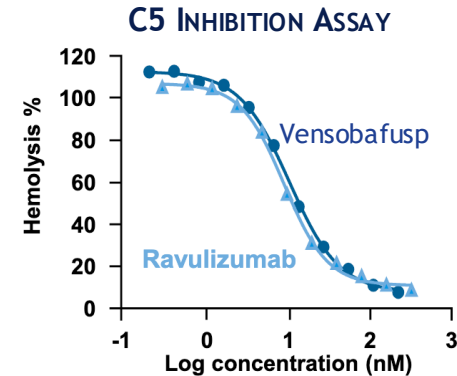
Mechanistic Rationale

- **C5 Inhibition:** Prevent MAC cytotoxicity and C5a-mediated inflammation
- **Factor H Modulation:** Restores the regulation of the alternative pathway, preventing continuous C3b amplification

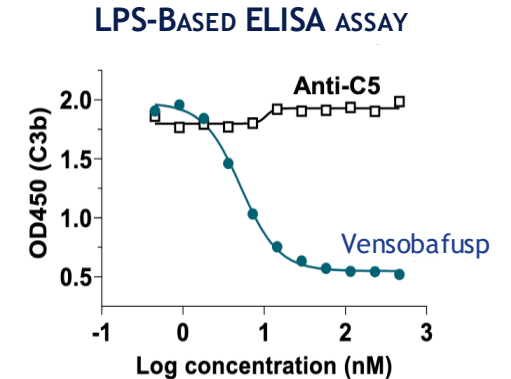
Goal

- Durable control of complement activation upstream and downstream - “reset” rather than single-node blockade

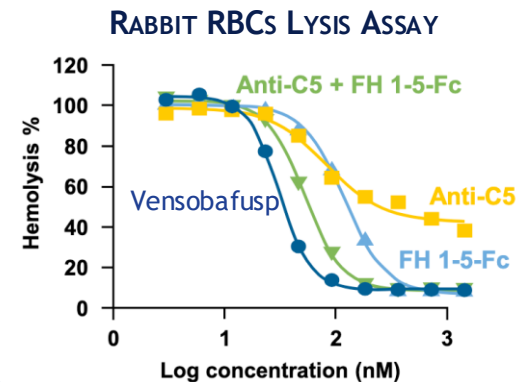
KP104 as potent as Ravulizumab in inhibiting CP-triggered terminal pathway complement activation*



Unlike anti-C5 mABs, vensobafusp also inhibits AP complement*



Vensobafusp is **more potent** than anti-C5 mAb or Factor H SCR1-5-Fc (alone or combined) in inhibiting AP-triggered terminal pathway complement activation*



Vensobafusp more potent than:

- Anti-C5 mAb alone
- Alternative pathway (AP) regulatory (Factor H1-5-Fc) alone
- Anti-C5 mAb and AP regulator (FH1-5-Fc) together